Research question: To what point can the structure of a recyclable polymer be modified before degradation is inhibited?

Figure 1: Three molecules with ene, thiol, and disulfide functional groups react under UV light to form a recyclable thermoset polymer.

Figure 2: As more pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate) (PETMP) is added, the more permanent linkages dominate the network, making the polymer more resilient. The highest thiol group ratio that can be added without inhibiting degradation is 40:60.

Figure 3: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) plot for the structure. The ratio of sulfur-bonded hydrogen (a) and vinylic hydrogen (b) is 1:1.

Figure 4: The storage modulus of the modified and unmodified formulas are measured. The higher this value is, the greater the ability of the solid to store energy elastically.